

Get Those Pigs

with the Pig Brig® Trap System

(see the User Guide for details)



GATHER YOUR SUPPLIES

You'll need T-posts, corn, and a few other items to prep the site.

(See page 4 for complete list)

2.

PICK YOUR TRAP SITE

Look for flat ground, tree cover, and hog sign. Avoid wet, muddy spots, or areas with human activity.



BAIT THE SITE

You'll have better success trapping if the bait is out longer and the pigs are well-conditioned to feeding at your site.



ASSEMBLE YOUR PIG BRIG TRAP

See User Guide pages 5-19 or watch our videos for step-by-step instructions.



Flip over this card to get tips for a smooth, successful setup.



5.

CONDITION THE PIGS

This crucial step will determine how successful you are at catching the entire sounder. The trap must be set in Conditioning Mode (See pages 20-22) until the pigs are comfortable feeding under the net. To do this, partially raise the net off the ground about 12-15". It should touch the pigs' backs when they feed. Bait all around the outside and inside the trap. Allow the pigs to come and go as they please.



BE PATIENT

Conditioning is necessary for trapping. Some pigs can be conditioned in a few days and others can take a few weeks. Let the pigs get used to the trap and get comfortable feeding under the net. Watch them and judge their behavior. *Pigs are smart, but we like to think we're smarter.*



ADVANCE TO CAPTURE MODE

After you see the whole group of pigs feeding under the net for 2-3 nights in a row, set your trap in capture mode! (See pages 23-29) Bait the trap heavily (about ~5 lbs/pig). Place the bait in the very center of the trap (away from the net skirt). Now wait for those pigs to come!



GET 'EM!

Plan to check for pigs at dawn the morning after you drop the net. Gather what you'll need – your coffee, trailer, gun, camera – and go get those pigs!



Trapping Tips & Tricks



Trap Setup

(For detailed instructions, see User Guide pages 5-19)

- Use 6.5' or 7' T-posts. Use 7 ft. in softer soils. Shorter ones will not work.
- The warning "Danger" sign should always be on the outside of the trap, ensuring the Boar Shield is on the inside.
- Test secured ground anchors by pulling aggressively. They should stay firmly seated when pulled.

Conditioning Mode

(For detailed instructions, see User Guide pages 20-22)

- For the first few nights, spread bait inside and outside of the trap.
- Allow the pigs to get used to feeling the net on their backs by letting parts hang lower (~12-15" off the ground).
- Don't shoot at the pigs, run dogs in the area, or feed them anywhere nearby while trying to trap them.





Capture Mode

(For detailed instructions, see User Guide pages 23-29)

- Short black cam straps come attached to the middle of the net. Each should be secured to corresponding T-posts.
- Make sure the hooked cam straps are super tight and all the corn is in the very center of the trap.
- If your trap site is muddy, toss straw/hay wherever the net will touch the ground when setting the trap.

The Pigs

- Stay calm when approaching the trap. Let the pigs tire themselves out before taking any shots.
- Aim for the center of the brain and take your time.
- If you plan on loading live pigs into a trailer, see our instructional videos on YouTube or online. Or, reach out to us.

